



# **Underground Transmission Capacity Increases from Dynamic Rating Analysis**

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# Background

- In 2000, CenterPoint Energy began an ampacity study of 138kV Polk to Garrott circuit
- Addition of new Midtown Substation
- Investigate methods to increase capacity

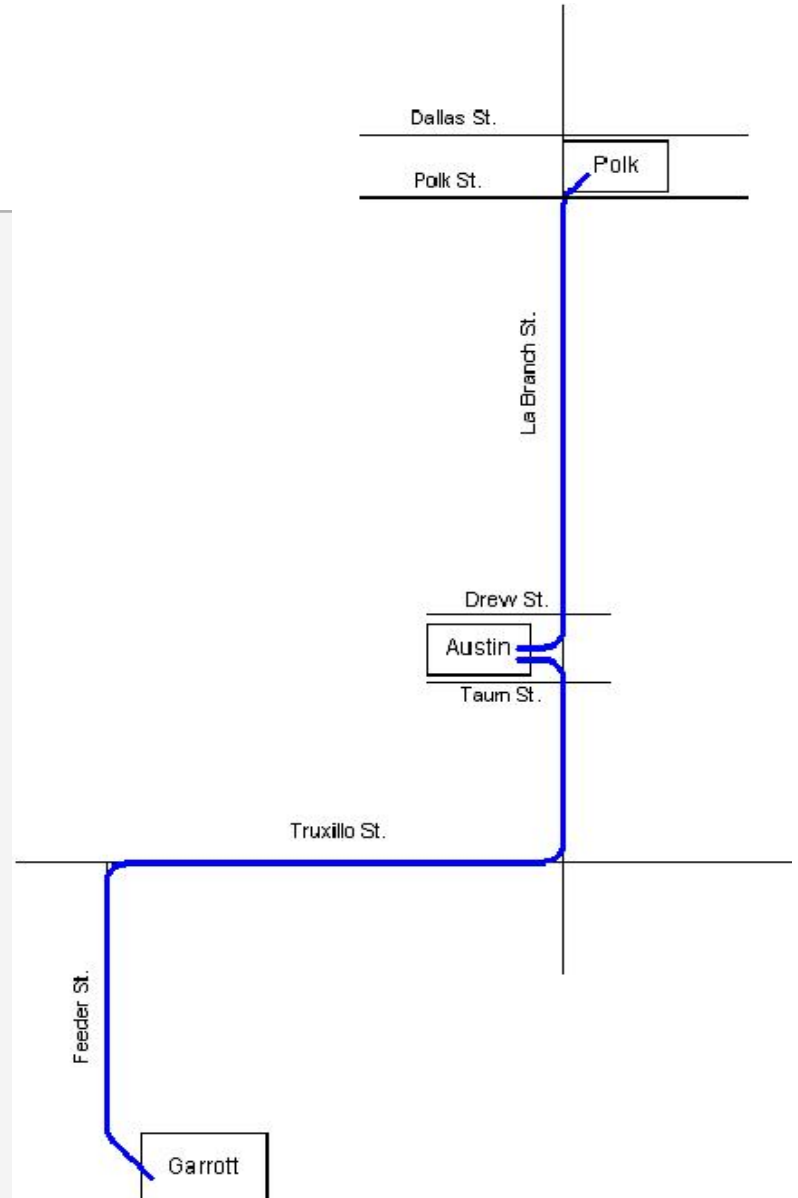
# Circuit Detail

- 138kV Underground
- HPFF Cable
- 8 inch pipe
- 2500 Kcmil conductor
- Oil Dielectric
- Rated 257 MVA
- Installed in 1966



# Circuit Route

- Downtown Houston
- 12,300 feet



# Approach

- Evaluate dielectric fluid for evidence of aging
- Evaluate paper insulation aging
- Install DTS fiber for temperature profile
- Evaluate impact of crossing pipe-type cable circuit

# Testing

- DGA test on oil performed by Detroit Edison
- Field Dissipation test performed on paper insulation
- Result showed cables virtually unaged from initial installation



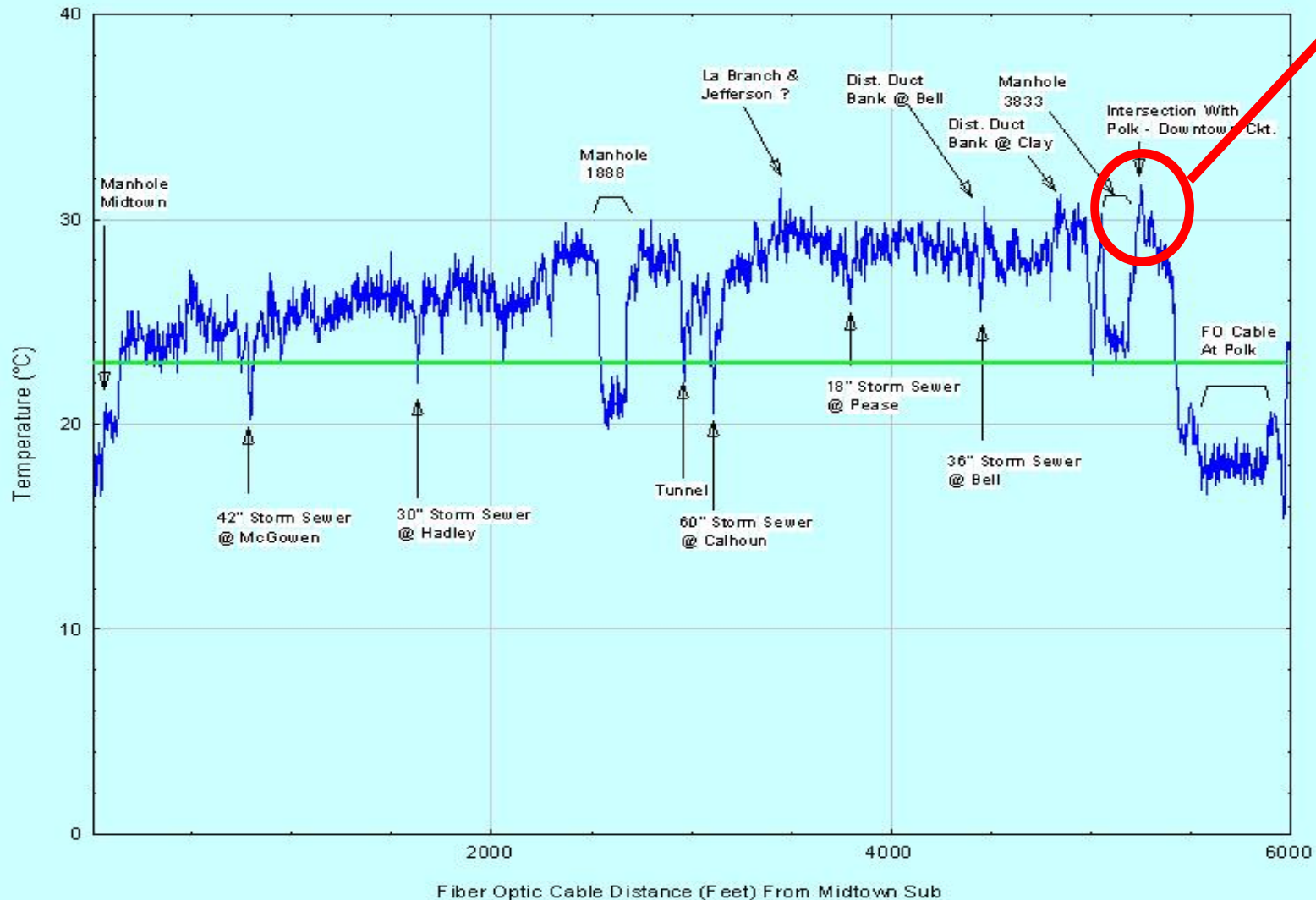
# DTS Installation

- Distributed Thermal Sensing (DTS)
- Installed in parallel duct
- Multi-mode fiber optic



# DTS Midtown to Polk

Hot Spot

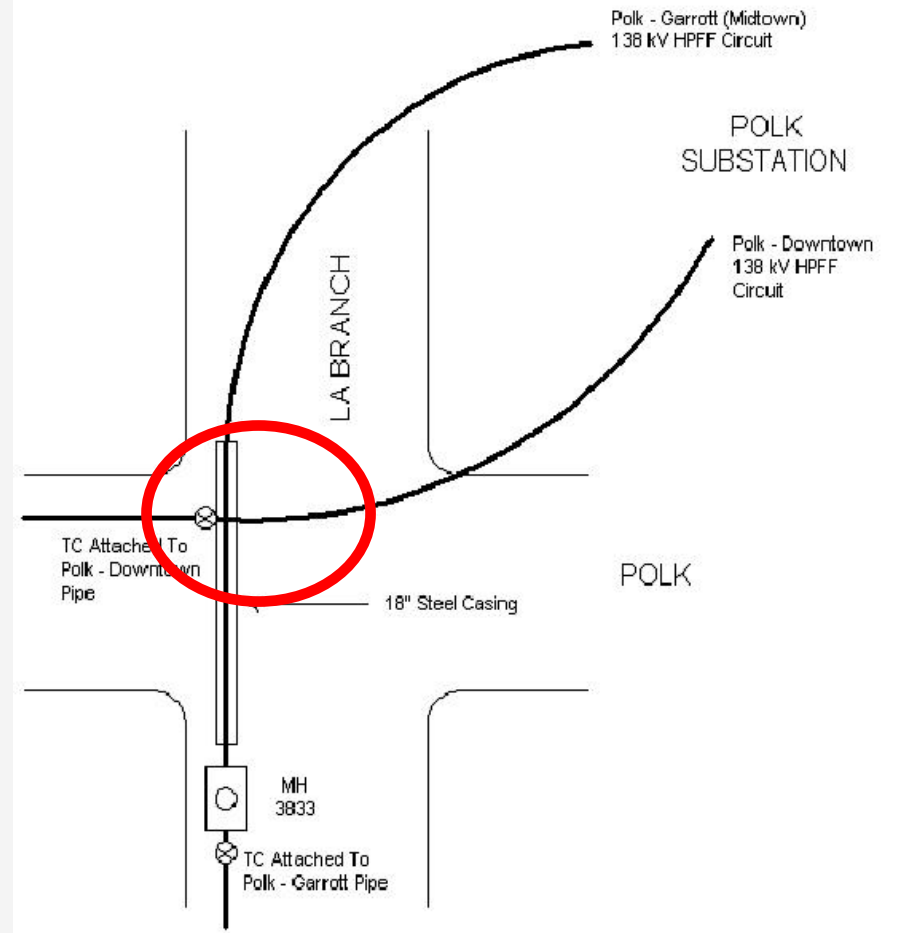




# Ampacity Considerations

- Association of Edison Illuminating Companies CS2 recommends reducing max conductor temperature from 85C to 75C when environmental conditions are unknown
- CenterPoint Energy followed AEIC and rated circuit at 75C
- Study of circuit allowed 85C uprate
- Typically this would increase ampacity by 20%

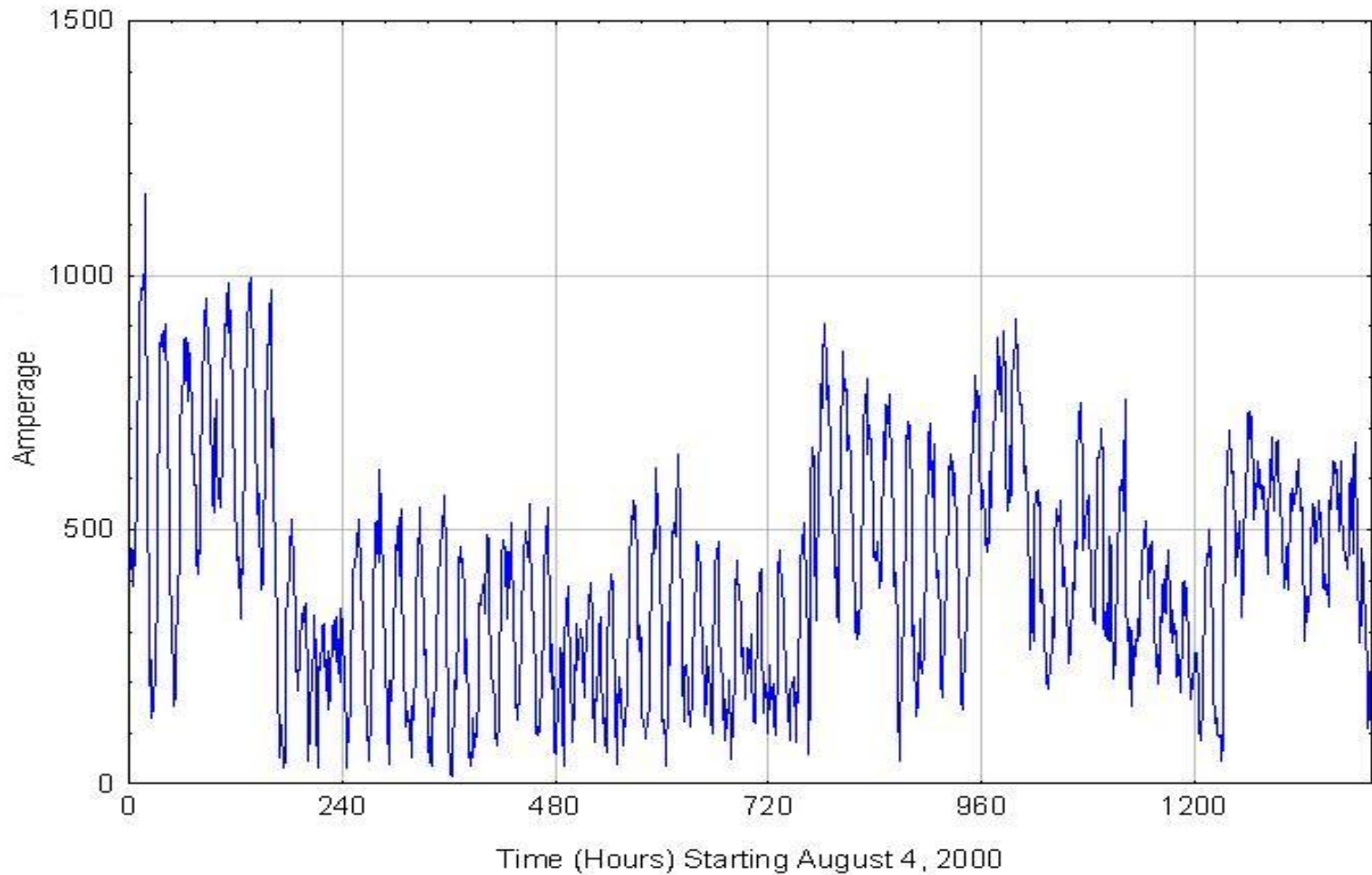
Unfortunately, even with a 10C increase, the result was a 3.4% decrease in ampacity due to crossing circuit hot spot



# DTCR Consideration

- Polk to Garrott circuit has a cyclical load pattern
- Short duration of high loads
- The long thermal time constant of underground HPFF circuits is approximately 130 hours

# Load Pattern



# DTCR Model

- Modified to support a real time temperature interference from a measured source
- This was used to model heating influence from a cable crossing
- Run in simulated mode using summer 2000 data

# DTCR Result

Using summer 2000 data, DTCR showed an increase of almost 21% in dynamic rating over the conventional book rating

# DTCR Components

- Thermocouples
- SCADA
- Simple PC



# DTCR Output

- Calculated conductor temperature
- Reported Amperage
- Allowable Amperage
- Input parameters
- Time remaining to thermal overload

The screenshot displays the DTCR 2.4 software interface. The main window shows a table of circuit data with columns for Element 1, Element 2, Element 3, and Element 4. The data is organized into sections for 'Polk\_Midtown' and 'Midtown\_Garrett'. Each section lists ratings (Normal, 24 hr, 180 hr, 390 hr) and calculated conductor temperatures (CdrTemp\_C) for various elements. A 'Process Monitor' window is overlaid on the top right, showing the status as 'Running' with 'START' and 'STOP' buttons. A 'Data Logger' window is also visible at the bottom right, displaying a log of simulation results with timestamps and status messages.

Circuit	Element 1	Element 2	Element 3	Element 4
Polk_Midtown	La Branch@Polk UGCABLE	La Branch@Bell UGCABLE	La Branch@Bell UGCABLE	
Ratings (amps)				
Normal:	1186	1186	1186	1186
24 hr:	1439	1439	1439	1439
180 hr:	1385	1386	1385	1385
390 hr:	1185	1186	1185	1185
Lead = 1842 Amps				
CdrTemp_C = 55.8	CdrTemp_C = 55.8	CdrTemp_C = 55.8	CdrTemp_C = 55.8	
EarthInterf_C = 50.8	EarthInterf_C = 50.8	EarthInterf_C = 50.8	EarthInterf_C = 50.8	
ExHtHeatng_C = 0.8	ExHtHeatng_C = 0.8	ExHtHeatng_C = 0.8	ExHtHeatng_C = 0.8	
Loss_factor = 0.4	Loss_factor = 0.4	Loss_factor = 0.4	Loss_factor = 0.4	
Load_factor = 0.6	Load_factor = 0.6	Load_factor = 0.6	Load_factor = 0.6	
Midtown_Garrett	Feeder St@Day St UGCABLE	Feeder St@Colquitt UGCABLE	Garrett Sub_Intrance UGCABLE	
Ratings (amps)				
Normal:	1051	1051	1162	
24 hr:	1377	1377	1432	
180 hr:	1257	1257	1298	
390 hr:	1145	1145	1177	
Lead = 1842 Amps				
CdrTemp_C = 55.8	CdrTemp_C = 55.8	CdrTemp_C = 55.8	CdrTemp_C = 55.8	
EarthInterf_C = 49.8	EarthInterf_C = 49.8	EarthInterf_C = 49.8	EarthInterf_C = 49.8	
ExHtHeatng_C = 0.8	ExHtHeatng_C = 0.8	ExHtHeatng_C = 0.8	ExHtHeatng_C = 0.8	
Loss_factor = 0.4	Loss_factor = 0.4	Loss_factor = 0.4	Loss_factor = 0.4	
Load_factor = 0.6	Load_factor = 0.6	Load_factor = 0.6	Load_factor = 0.6	



**Lines** Refresh

**Circuit**

**Polk\_Midtown**  
 Ratings (Amps/MVA) =  
 Normal: 1311(325)  
 24 hr : 1530(380)  
 100 hr: 1378(342)  
 300 hr: 1245(309)  
 Load = 728(181)

**Midtown\_Garrott**  
 Ratings (Amps/MVA) =  
 Normal: 1291(323)  
 24 hr : 1524(381)  
 100 hr: 1375(343)  
 300 hr: 1245(311)  
 Load = 769(192)

**Polk\_Downtown**  
 Ratings (Amps/MVA) =

**Dynamic Thermal Circuit Rating Report... Last Updated: 02/29/2008 13:35** Help

**Element1**

**La\_Branch&Polk**  
 Ratings (Amps/MVA) =  
 1311(325)  
 1530(380)  
 1378(342)  
 1245(309)  
 Load Fctr: 0.826 Loss Fctr: 0.699  
 TTO: -999 CdrTemp\_C: 50.544

**Feeder\_St&Day\_St**  
 Ratings (Amps/MVA) =  
 1295(324)  
 1528(382)  
 1379(344)  
 1248(312)  
 Load Fctr: 0.845 Loss Fctr: 0.728  
 TTO: -999 CdrTemp\_C: 53.155

**La\_Branch&Polk**  
 Ratings (Amps/MVA) =

**Element2**

**La\_Branch&Bell**  
 Ratings (Amps/MVA) =  
 1326(329)  
 1542(383)  
 1389(345)  
 1257(312)  
 Load Fctr: 0.826 Loss Fctr: 0.699  
 TTO: -999 CdrTemp\_C: 50.543

**Feeder\_St&Colquitt**  
 Ratings (Amps/MVA) =  
 1291(323)  
 1524(381)  
 1375(343)  
 1245(311)  
 Load Fctr: 0.845 Loss Fctr: 0.728  
 TTO: -999 CdrTemp\_C: 53.488

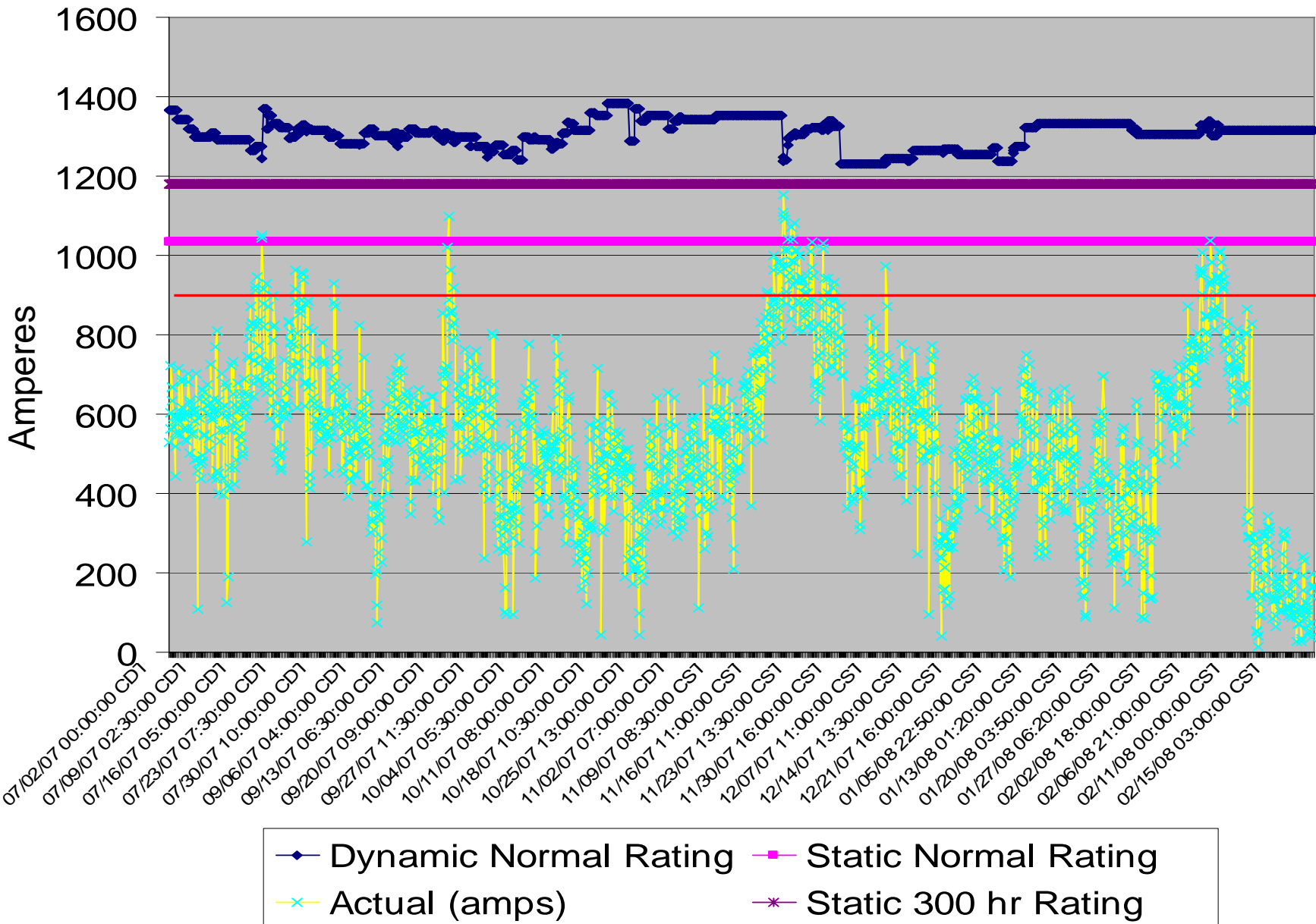
**SanJacinto&Fannin**  
 Ratings (Amps/MVA) =

**Element3**

**La\_Branch&Polk**  
 Ratings (Amps/MV  
 1328(330)  
 1542(383)  
 1389(345)  
 1257(312)  
 Load Fctr: 0.826 L  
 TTO: -999 CdrTen

**Garrott\_Sub\_Entr:**  
 Ratings (Amps/MV  
 1300(325)  
 1532(383)  
 1382(345)  
 1252(313)  
 Load Fctr: 0.845 L  
 TTO: -999 CdrTen

**Pease&Travis**  
 Ratings (Amps/MV)



Polk to Midtown Load History

# Polk to Midtown Ratings (2/29/08)

- Static Normal Rating = 1035 amperes
- Emergency Rating = 1180 amperes
- Thermal Limit Rating = 1311 amperes

# What have we gained?

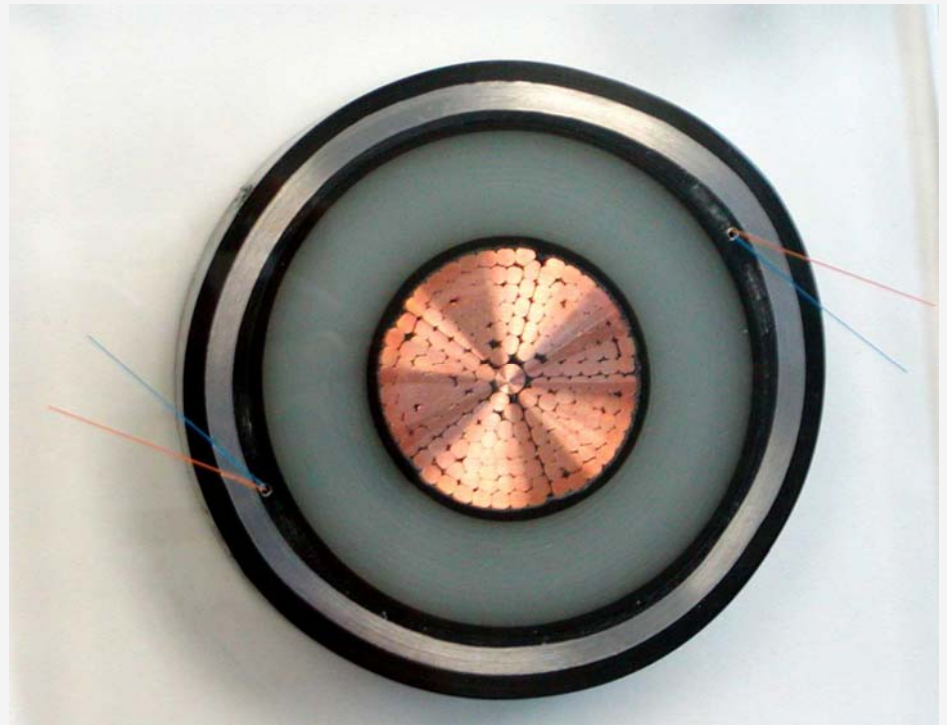
- Time
- Establish a five part upgrade plan
  - Dynamic rating
  - Shuttle oil
  - Additional pipe for circulating
    - Design is ready
  - Reconductor
  - Add a parallel circuit

# DTCR Implementation

- Ampacity increase
- RTO tool during high circuit load
- Grid operator predictive tool

# Future Use of DTCCR

- XLPE Underground Cables
- Overhead circuits



# Summary

- Ampacity study of Polk to Garrott showed a decrease in book rating using steady state calculations
- DTCR takes advantage of cyclical load pattern and thermal response of UG cable
- Dynamic rating uses real-time temperature and load input
- Polk to Garrott ampacity increased almost 21%
- System operators have a better information tool
- Market predictive tool

# Project Team

- EPRI
  - Cable system assessment
  - DTCR development
- Power Delivery Consultants, Inc.
  - DTCR development
  - Ampacity study and condition assessment
- Ulrich Associates, Inc.
  - Software development



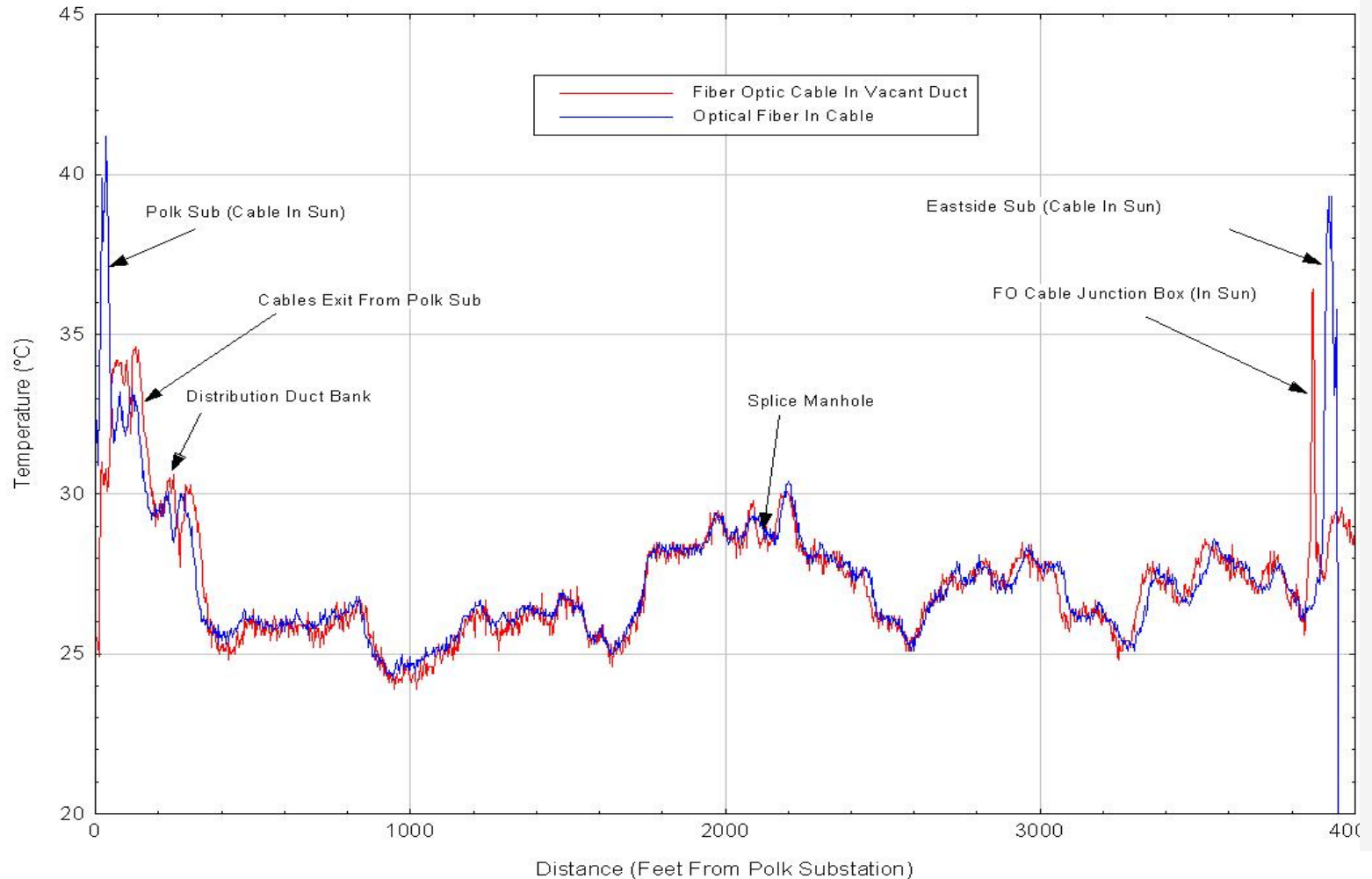


Questions?

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# DTS Correlation

Date: 7/31/2003 Polk-Eastside DTS Measurements



# Utilities Using DTCCR

- Southern California Edison (XLPE cable)
- PECO Energy (pipe type cable)
- BC Hydro (submarine SCFF cable)
- United Illuminating Co. (pipe type cable)
- ComEd (XLPE cable)